## Lab Activities for Lab 1

Your name:	Lab Parti	ners		
For calculation practi	ice with scientific notati	on, see the handout sh	eet on scientific notatio	on.
1. Measure tables (he millimeters.	ight, width, and length)	. Aim for 1 mm accu	racy, Express in meters,	centimeters, and
	m x	m x	m	
	cm x	cm x	cm	
	mm x	mm x	mm	
	of this paper with micro s in m, cm, mm and µm	•	5	vision on the
decimal:	m =	cm =	mm =	μm
scientific notation: _	m			
3. Measure a strand o and also in m using s	of hair (diameter). Aim a cientific notation.	for 20 µm accuracy. I	Express in m, cm, mm a	nd µm using decimals
decimal:	m =	cm =	mm =	μm
	scientific	notation:	m	
	ns of lab room (length, v n = 0.01 m accuracy. An	<b>—</b> ,		ume in m <sup>3</sup> . Express in
	m _ x	m x	m V <sub>room</sub> =	m <sup>3</sup>
5. Measure the diame	eter of each of 5 marbles	s with 20 μm accuracy	z. Express in mm. (Hint	: about 15.00 mm)
	e and standard deviation http://yosemitefoothills.c			
average d:	mm +/-	m	m	
6. Calculate the avera (Hint: about 1767 m	age volume of your 5 ma m <sup>3</sup> = 1.767 cm <sup>3</sup> )	arbles. Express your 1	result as mm <sup>3</sup> , and cm <sup>3</sup> .	
V	$r_{\text{average}} = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3 = \frac{1}{6} \pi d^3 =$	I	nm <sup>3</sup> =	_ cm <sup>3</sup>
7. Weigh the 5 marble (Hint: about 4.00 g)	es one at a time with a d	ligital scale (that I wil	l provide) that has 0.01	gram (g) precision.

8. Calculate the average and standard deviation of your 5 mass measurements. You can use a computer or phone application or go to http://yosemitefoothills.com/Calculator/ and use my on-line application.

*m*<sub>average</sub>= \_\_\_\_\_g +/- \_\_\_\_\_g

9. Calculate the density of a typical marble by dividing your average mass in grams by your average volume in  $cm^3$ . Express your result with units of  $g/cm^3$  and in kg/m<sup>3</sup>. (Hint: 1  $g/cm^3 = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ )

 $\rho_{\text{average}} = \frac{m_{\text{average}}}{V_{\text{average}}} = \underline{g/\text{cm}^3} = \underline{kg/\text{m}^3}$ 

## Ways of counting

10. Direct: number of ABC blocks = \_\_\_\_\_ x \_\_\_\_ x \_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_

11. Estimate the number of marbles by mass = (total mass – jar mass)/your average marble mass.

mass of marbles  $m_{\text{marbles}} = m_{\text{jar with marbles}} - m_{\text{jar}} = \_____ g$  (tare capability used on scale)

$$N \approx \frac{m_{marbles}}{m_{average}} =$$
\_\_\_\_\_\_

12. Number of marbles by volume = (volume water displaced) / your average marble volume

mass of water in filled jar  $m_{\text{water in filled jar}} = m_{\text{jar full of water}} - m_{\text{jar}} = \_____g$ 

mass of water and marbles in jar  $m_{water + marbles} = m_{jar+marbles+water} - m_{jars} = _____ g$ 

 $m_{\text{displaced water}} = m_{\text{water in filled jar}} - (m_{\text{water}+\text{marbles}} - m_{\text{marbles}}) = \_____ g$ 

 $V_{marbles} = V_{displaced water} = \frac{m_{displaced water}}{\rho_{water}} = \frac{m_{displaced water}}{0.997 \text{ g/cm}^3} = \dots \text{ cm}^3 \qquad N \approx \frac{V_{marbles}}{V_{average}} = \dots$ 

Note: 1 mL = 0.001 L = 1 cm<sup>3</sup> =  $10^{-6}$  m<sup>3</sup>

- 13. Number of marbles by counting (shared effort of entire class): *N* = \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 14. If the volume of an average grain of salt is about 0.03 mm<sup>3</sup>, how big would a container of salt need to be that holds 6.02 x 10<sup>23</sup> grains of salt? Hint: Multiply the volume of a grain by the number of grains. Express your result in km<sup>3</sup> and if it were in the shape of a cube, give the length of a side of that cube in km.

 $V_{\text{salt cube}} =$ \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{mm}^3 =$ \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{km}^3$   $l_{\text{side}} = \sqrt[3]{V_{\text{salt cube}}}$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{km}^3$ 

15. How much mass would that amount have if the density of salt is  $\rho_{salt} = 2.16 \text{ g/cm}^3 = 2160 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ? Hint: Multiply the volume by this density and adjust units. Express your answer in kg.

 $m_{\text{salt cube}} = \rho_{\text{salt}} \cdot V_{\text{salt cube}} =$ \_\_\_\_\_ kg