

## Practice with Unit Prefixes – Fill in the Blanks

(See “Using Units” handout for the prefix definitions.)

Light travels at about 300000 **km** per second (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – m/s).

A fast processor in a cell phone operates at a 4 **GHz** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – Hz) clock frequency.

A 4 GHz clock in a cell phone produces “ticks” every 0.25 **ns** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – s).

In 250 **ps** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – s) light travels a distance of 7.5 **cm** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – m).

In 1 **μs** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – s) light travels 0.3 **km** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – m).

Cell phones communicate at a frequency of about 1900 **MHz** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – Hz).

A typical FM music station transmits at a frequency of 94 **MHz** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – Hz).

A typical AM radio station transmits at 930 **kHz** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – Hz).

Power lines use a frequency of only 60 Hz.

Infra-red light has a frequency of 100 **THz** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – Hz).

Green light has a frequency around 560 **THz** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – Hz).

A hydrogen nucleus (proton) is about 0.85 **fm** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – m) in size.

A hydrogen atom is 53 **pm** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – m) in diameter, very much larger than a proton.

A C-60 buckyball molecule is 0.7 **nm** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – m) in diameter.

A hemoglobin molecule is 6.9 **nm** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – m) in diameter.

A flu virus is about 100 **nm** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – m) in diameter.

A typical bacterium is 1 **μm** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – m) in size.

The smallest object visible to the human eye is about 60 **μm** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – m) in size.

A quarter coin is 24.26 **mm** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – m) in diameter.

A person’s hand is about 10 **cm** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – m) wide.

Mt. Everest, the tallest mountain in the world, reaches 8.848 **km** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – m) above sea level.

The average radius of the earth is 6371 **km** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – m).

A computer backup storage unit can hold about 8 **TB** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – bytes) of data.

In South Korea, the average Internet connection speed in 2017 was 28.6 **Mb/s** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – bits/second).

A good camera has 8 **megapixels** (\_\_\_\_\_x10 – pixels) of color sensors, about the same as our eyes.

## Practice with Unit Prefixes – Solutions

(See “Using Units” handout for the prefix definitions.)

Light travels at about 300000 **km** per second (**300000** $\times 10^3$  m/s) or (**3.00** $\times 10^8$  m/s).

A fast processor in a cell phone operates at a 4 **GHz** (**4.0** $\times 10^9$  Hz) clock frequency.

A 4 **GHz** clock in a cell phone produces “ticks” every 0.25 **ns** (**0.25** $\times 10^{-9}$  s) or (**2.5** $\times 10^{-10}$  s).

In 250 **ps** (**250** $\times 10^{-12}$  s) or (**2.5** $\times 10^{-10}$  s) light travels a distance of 7.5 **cm** (**7.5** $\times 10^{-2}$  m).

In 1 **μs** (**1.0** $\times 10^{-6}$  s) light travels 0.3 **km** (**0.3** $\times 10^3$  m) or (**300** m).

Cell phones communicate at a frequency of about 1900 **MHz** (**1900** $\times 10^6$  Hz) or (**1.900** $\times 10^9$  Hz).

A typical FM music station transmits at a frequency of 94 **MHz** (**94** $\times 10^6$  Hz) or (**9.4** $\times 10^7$  Hz).

A typical AM radio station transmits at 930 **kHz** (**930** $\times 10^3$  Hz) or (**9.30** $\times 10^5$  Hz).

Power lines use a frequency of only 60 Hz.

Infra-red light has a frequency of 100 **THz** (**100** $\times 10^{12}$  Hz) or (**1.00** $\times 10^{14}$  Hz).

Green light has a frequency around 560 **THz** (**560** $\times 10^{12}$  Hz) or (**5.60** $\times 10^{14}$  Hz).

A hydrogen nucleus (proton) is about 0.85 **fm** (**0.85** $\times 10^{-15}$  m) or (**8.5** $\times 10^{-16}$  m) in size.

A hydrogen atom is 53 **pm** (**53** $\times 10^{-12}$  m) or (**5.3** $\times 10^{-11}$  m) in diameter, very much larger than a proton.

A C-60 buckyball molecule is 0.7 **nm** (**0.7** $\times 10^{-9}$  m) or (**7.0** $\times 10^{-10}$  m) in diameter.

A hemoglobin molecule is 6.9 **nm** (**6.9** $\times 10^{-9}$  m) in diameter.

A flu virus is about 100 **nm** (**100** $\times 10^{-9}$  m) or (**1.00** $\times 10^{-7}$  m) in diameter.

A typical bacterium is 1 **μm** (**1.0** $\times 10^{-6}$  m) in size.

The smallest object visible to the human eye is about 60 **μm** (**60** $\times 10^{-6}$  m) or (**6.0** $\times 10^{-5}$  m) in size.

A quarter coin is 24.26 **mm** (**24.26** $\times 10^{-3}$  m) or (**2.426** $\times 10^{-2}$  m) in diameter.

A person’s hand is about 10 **cm** (**10** $\times 10^{-2}$  m) or (**1.0** $\times 10^{-1}$  m) or (**0.10** m) wide.

Mt. Everest, the tallest mountain in the world, reaches 8.848 **km** (**8.848** $\times 10^3$  m) or (**8848** m) above sea level.

The average radius of the earth is 6371 **km** (**6371** $\times 10^3$  m) or (**6.371** $\times 10^6$  m).

A computer backup storage unit can hold about 8 **TB** (**8.0** $\times 10^{12}$  bytes) of data.

In South Korea, the average Internet connection speed in 2017 was 28.6 **Mb/s** (**28.6** $\times 10^6$  bits/second).

A good camera has 8 **megapixels** (**8.0** $\times 10^6$  pixels) of color sensors, about the same as our eyes.